

TELEPHONE CALL:
Long, 2 Short,
and 1 Long.
ALL JOB WORK
EXECUTED WITH
NEATNESS
AND
DISPATCH.
GIVE US A TRIAL!

KEOWEE



COURIER.

CALL ON
THE COURIER
FOR JOB WORK
... OF ...
EVERY
DESCRIPTION.
LOWEST PRICES.
BEST WORK!
Note, Bill and
Letter Headings.

BY JAYNES, SHELOR, SMITH & STECK.

DISPENSARY ROTTENESS.

CHEAP LIQUORS MARKED AND SOLD AS
MORE EXPENSIVE GRADES.

DOUTHIT AND OUTZ HIT THE CEILING

Certain Makes of Whiskey Systematically
Boomed—The Greatest Scandal.

COLUMBIA, S. C., October 3.—Another dispensary sensation was sprung to-day, after having been a brewing some time. It was the usual semi-annual revelations with some extra frills. Commissioner Douthit was "removed for cause."

It was a fierce game while it lasted and finally Robinson, Miles and Haselden voted to remove Douthit, while Boykin and Williams voted to give him a further show and to go more fully into the case. Then Haselden moved to make the suspension of Outz permanent, but before action was taken an adjournment was had.

There was a committee appointed to look into the contraband room, consisting of Haselden and Robinson. They went right into things. Their summary made nine pages and there were several hundred pages of affidavits bearing out the summary of the committee. The meat of the report against Douthit is, it seems from the testimony, that under instructions from Commissioner Douthit one firm's labels were ordered to be placed on another firm's whiskey, and that high grade labels have been placed on lower brands of goods.

In this connection Superintendent Bryant testifies: "Yes, I put up whiskey in bottles with one firm's whiskey with another firm's labels, but it was under instructions from Commissioner Douthit."

He further testifies that Lanahan's labels were placed on the goods of the Wilson Distilling Company. Gantt says: "Yes; whiskey is bottled with one firm's label and with another firm's whiskey. I have never known him to put a label on whiskey where the liquor called for by the label was cheaper than the whiskey actually in the bottles. We put out one X corn whiskey with labels of XXX."

King testifies that whiskey was put up last Saturday and the XXX label was used, but the firm name, "Wilson Distilling Co.," was struck off.

Earnhart, Assistant Superintendent, testified: "I have never known him to put a label on whiskey where the label was cheaper than the whiskey. Have known him to put on as high as a XXX label on Grover whiskey—which, I have heard, is X goods. I have never kept a record of these changes. This has been a practice during Mr. Douthit's administration. They put up Grover's whiskey Saturday morning with Wilson labels, but the name 'Wilson' was struck off."

C. H. Charles, assistant book-keeper, says: "Grover's whiskey is classed as X corn whiskey and the difference in the price of X and XXX corn to consumers is \$1 per gallon."

The report of the committee says: "We conceive it to be our duty to report the facts to the board as they really appear, but in our finding the conclusion cannot be escaped that this scheme of changing the labels on whiskey shipped out could have been devised for no other purpose than to create a way for collecting more money for goods sent out to the local dispensers than the same were invoiced for to the commissioners; and, further, to create the impression on the members of the board that certain brands are becoming more popular, they being hard to keep in stock."

"We find that this practice of changing labels is not only wrong for the reasons stated, but it is absolutely indefensible from any standpoint and contravenes the spirit and letter of the law; and candor compels us to add, it has unquestionably worked a fraud upon the people of South Carolina."

"We further find that the practice of substitution of orders has been in vogue under Mr. Douthit's administration. Orders have been substituted when received from the city of Charleston and elsewhere in the State."

It was reported that Mr. Douthit gave the printing of the labels to the Record. Bids were called on a lot of ten thousand, and instead of the 10,000 lot the Record printed 50,000, and Mr. Bryant states that on that size order the price should have been twelve per cent less.

After that no bids were called for on printing and they all went to the Record.

The report shows a discrepancy of \$1,155.82 in the contraband room. Commissioner Boykin made a fight against the committee going beyond its authority.

To-morrow the chances are Outz's suspension will be made permanent. H. H. Crum, Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, is suggested as his probable successor.

Mr. Douthit was given a hearing and explained the matter. He said that the liquor was in vats and there were no labels on hand, and that the labels used were of goods of the same value and that Grover's corn was the finest he ever saw. He was charged with pushing Mercantile Club liquor and said that he suggested this liquor as a cheap screw top. He gave explanations of all the charges, but they were not satisfactory to the commissioners.

CARD FROM MR. DOUTHIT.

Mr. Douthit has issued the following card:

I ask that the public suspend judgment as to me until my side of the case is presented to it, as it will be very soon. For three weeks two members of the State Board of Control, assisted by two expert accountants and a stenographer, have been at work preparing the case against me. Their charges and the evidence in support of them were read when I was not present. An attempt was made to pass judgment on the report of Messrs. Haselden and Robinson without opportunity being given me to say a single word in my own defense. The injustice of such a proceeding was so strongly pointed out that finally I was accorded the mockery of a semblance of a hearing. I was called before the board and a brief verbal summary of the charges against me was made and I was expected in a few minutes to reply to charges which had been prepared after three weeks' work. I can either disprove or satisfactorily explain every charge made against me. J. B. DOUTHIT.

October 3, 1899.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years it was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and it therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from ten drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by druggists, 75 cents. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Cheese Chips.

Cheese, S. C., October 10.—Work still continues on the new church.

Cheese church has called Rev. L. M. Lidy, of North Carolina, for pastor next year. The people all like to hear him preach.

Mr. A. W. Singleton has resumed his school at this place.

Corn is so large the whipporwills never know when daylight comes.

Corn gathering will soon be the order of the day. Oh! what nice times at corn shuckings we children will have.

'Ossum hunting and syrup making are the order of the day.

MOUNTAIN SCHOOL GIRL.

The health-restorer and health-maintainer, Dr. M. A. Simmons' Liver Medicine, strengthens the nerves, makes you plump and comely, and enriches the complexion with nature's choicest colors. Sold by Dr. J. W. Bell, Walhalla.

No man has ever received the welcome Dewey did in New York on Saturday of last week. He deserved it all, too. It was a spontaneous outburst from all classes. One of the best things about Dewey is that he has kept his head through it all.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Dr. J. W. Bell, Walhalla.

The rich bottom lands along the Saluda river, belonging to the Ingood estate, are set in Bermuda grass and every year two crops of about 2,000 tons each are cut and sold, the hay easily bringing from 50 to 60 cents per hundred.

Dr. M. A. Simmons' Liver Medicine has greatly benefited others and is reasonably certain to do you good. Try it! Sold by Dr. J. W. Bell, Walhalla.

TO THINK OWN SELF BE TRUE AND IT MUST FOLLOW AS THE NIGHT THE DAY, THOU CANST NOT THEN BE FALSE TO ANY MAN.

WALHALLA, SOUTH CAROLINA, OCTOBER 12, 1899.

News in and Around Return.

RETURN, October 3.—We are glad to note that Mr. E. T. Price's little daughter is convalescing under the skillful treatment of Dr. Joe Stribling, of Seneca. There are no new cases of fever in this section.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Tannery are visiting relatives and friends in the South Union neighborhood this week.

We are having some cool weather at present. Light frosts for the past week. It has been a good while since we had so much frost in September.

The early fall will not be of much disadvantage, as the cotton crop is about all open. It is injuring the late pea crop and forage, which were about a failure anyway.

There is something very singular about the turnips this year. They are about a complete failure on old land. Those who were fortunate enough to sow their seed on fresh land have fine turnips.

There is a crop of young grasshoppers which are destroying the turnip crop in many localities.

The cotton market in Seneca has been lively for the past few days, which has enthused new energy, both in merchants and farmers.

The free ginning, which opened in Seneca some time ago, has thoroughly aroused the people and a great many rushed their cotton there to have it ginned. Now they are ginning at about half toll. There is a puzzle in ginning and in making oil out of cotton seed that I can't solve. Last year seed sold for \$7 and \$8 per ton. Meal sold at \$20 per ton; hulls \$4 per ton. Seed now sells for \$12 per ton, and you can buy meal for \$18 per ton, and what now, what ought they to have sold meal and hulls at when they bought seed at \$7 per ton? Now this year's include \$1.50 worth of free ginning, which makes the seed \$4.50 more than the usual price this year, and \$5.50 per ton more than last year's price. D. J. M.

Earle's Mills Budget.

EARLE'S MILLS, October 2.—At last it has turned some cooler. There has been a good deal of frost in low lands, but it hasn't damaged damaged late cotton bolls yet.

It looks like turnips are going to be a failure this time, but our good old farmer, Mr. C. D. Giles, never fails to get a good stand. He has the finest turnip patch that we have seen this season.

Prof. L. M. Mahaffey, of Newell, S. C., was in this community last week on business. Lewis is one of our old home boys and we are always glad to see him.

Mr. Samuel Harvey, son of Mr. Josh Harvey, of Tertin, and Miss Lolla Deau, of Tokena, were happily married on Sunday, September 24th, by J. B. Sanders, Esq., at his residence, near Oakway. Mr. Harvey is one of our most industrious young farmers, and Miss Deau is one of our fairest daughters, possessing many noble traits of heart and mind. The young couple have the best wishes of a large circle of relatives and friends for a long life of happiness and prosperity.

Miss Katie Crompton has returned to her home at Fair Play, after spending several days with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Grant.

Rev. D. W. Hiott preached an interesting sermon at Townville Sunday morning and in the afternoon at Cross Roads. Mr. Elias Earle, candidate for immersion from Townville, was baptized in the pool, near Cross Roads, after service Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Morgan C. Barnes, S. C., is spending several weeks with her daughter, Mrs. C. D. Giles.

We have been requested to announce that Children's Day will be observed at Townville on the third Sunday in October. WALKING-STICK.

To stimulate a sluggish liver, banish biliousness, dispense dyspepsia, prevent sick and nervous headache, use Dr. M. A. Simmons' Liver Medicine. Sold by Dr. J. W. Bell, Walhalla.

American Politics.

The political conditions in the United States are very much mixed at the present time. Neither one of the two great parties is ready to give unanimous and hearty support to well-defined policies. It is true that the Republicans lean more toward the unequivocal endorsement of the gold standard, and that the Democrats, on the whole, still insist on the double standard, though with less and less emphasis upon a fixed ratio between the two metals. But in regard to other matters the dividing lines are by no means so distinct. Both parties are loud in denouncing trusts, and both are equally at sea as to the most effective methods of suppressing them. Even on the issue of expansion or imperialism the same confusion is noticeable. On the one hand, a large and influential section of Republicans, including such men as Senators Hoar and Hale, ex-Senator Edmunds and ex-Speaker Reed, are bitterly opposed to President McKinley's method of dealing with the Philippines; and on the other hand such Democrats as Senators Morgan and Lindsay, backed up by leading newspapers all over the South, are giving the President their most cordial and hearty endorsement. What the outcome of this state of affairs will be no man can tell. After the Presidential conventions have been held the atmosphere will perhaps be clearer. It now seems certain that Mr. McKinley and Mr. Bryan will again be pitted against each other.

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of

Greenville Dentist Honored.

Dr. R. T. Weldon, of this city, has been elected honorary president of the Cincinnati College of Dental Surgery. Dr. Weldon is one of Greenville's oldest and most reliable and proficient dentists and the honor is fittingly bestowed. Greenville News.

What Presidents Cost.

Presidents "come high," but we have got to have them. It costs us \$114,806 a year for a chief executive.

His salary is \$50,000 and "found," as our western neighbors say. The President's finding is rather comprehensive, covering about every possible requirement of a family. His private secretary, the clerks, doorkeepers, messengers and steward and three other servants cost us \$33,805 a year. Then there is a contingent fund of \$8,000 a year, which the President may use according to his discretion.

In furniture and repair to the White House the sum of \$10,000 more, to be used by the direction of the President, is provided by the nation and is always expended. For fuel alone \$2,000 is allowed, and for necessary repairs to the greenhouse there is \$4,000.

Altogether the Presidential "finding" annually amounts to the snug sum of \$104,805, nearly \$105,000 a year more than his salary. The two aggregate \$114,805. —Boston Journal.

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of

Last Thursday (says the Anderson Advocate) was somewhat of a field day for Anderson in the cotton seed business. Over 8,000 bushels were bought by the two mills at 22 cents a bushel. Mr. Albert Bowie, of Corner township, drove in with 28 wagon loads, aggregating about 1,750 bushels. It was quite a sight as his wagons formed a loop around the court house.

A 450 pound bale of cotton, at 5 cents, is \$22.50. At 7 cents it is \$31.50. Eleven million bales at 5 cents is \$247,000,000. Nine million bales at 7 cents is \$283,000,000. The South is thirty-six million dollars ahead by having a poor crop. The farmers would not learn sense enough to reduce the acreage, but kindly Providence shortened the yield for them and helped them against their will. —Greenville News.

THE BEST THING FOR EVERY FARMER IN SOUTH CAROLINA IS THE CASH BARGAIN STORE.

For we Sell you Goods Cheaper than you ever Bought them Before.

Men's Suits, worth \$3.50, our price.....	\$ 1 85
Men's All-Wool Suits, worth \$5, going at.....	2 50
Men's Suits—up-to-date—any style you want, would be a bargain at \$10, our underselling price only.....	5 00
The Best Suits in the country, worth \$15, our special price.....	\$ 7 50
A Suit we guarantee for two years' wear, latest style and best quality, worth \$19 of anybody's money, our bargain price.....	9 00
The Best Suits ever brought to Oconee County, worth \$20, our price.....	12 50

We also Carry a Full Line of Men's, Ladies' and Children's Shoes, In which we will give you better bargains than you ever had before in your life:

Men's Shoes from 75 cents to \$3.50.	Children's Shoes from 25 cents to \$1.50.
Ladies' Sunday and Every-day Shoes from 60c. to \$2.50.	Boys' Shoes from 60 cents to \$1.50.

Hats from 15c. to \$2.50 and everything else in proportion. Full line of Trunks and Valises. Give us a call.

CASH BARGAIN STORE.

LAY ASIDE THE PISTOL.

Example and Precept Against Carrying Deadly Weapons.

Dr. James H. Carlisle, the honored President of Wofford College, contributes the following article to The Spartan:

Many years ago a young man of good family and personal character, (who afterwards adorned the Bench in our State), was a student in Union. An officer came one day to arrest him for a trivial offense. The young man playfully pulled out his pistol and said he would not be arrested, thinking the officer would understand it. But the officer leaped from his horse declaring he would carry out his purpose at the risk of his life. The young man afterwards said, at that moment, his whole nature became suddenly changed, and he believed that he would have shot the officer if he had rushed on him. He ever afterwards saw the great folly and danger of going armed.

In another county two men, representing excellent families, had some difficulty that strained their friendly relations. In an excited interview one used words which seemed to embody the two terrible words so insulting to an ordinary man, "You Lie." A pistol was instantly drawn by the other and presented with words amounting to "Take that back or take this." The pistol was discharged with fatal effect. The unfortunate man who had been passionately charged by a former friend with untruthfulness was now charged with murder by the court. Years of imprisonment were assigned him. At that time an accused person could

not give his testimony. But he told his lawyer that he did not intend to fire the pistol, but to hold it so that explanations might follow, but in the excitement of the moment he pulled the trigger. The Governor remitted a portion of the sentence. But through life the manslayer must have bitterly rued the moment when he put the pistol in his pocket that day.

The man who habitually goes armed now, habitually goes prepared, in a sudden gust of passion, to take the life of a human being for a real or supposed offense. Instead of beginning the day with the humble petition, "Lead me not into temptation," he goes deliberately into temptation. The custom of carrying deadly weapons does not encourage the feeling and spirit of a truly brave man.

Several years before the civil war, there was a time of angry discussion in the Senate of the United States. Our Senator, James H. Hammond, was advised to keep a loaded pistol in his desk, as the reign of violence might be suddenly ushered in. He wrote to a friend afterwards, "I kept it in my desk for a few days, until I found it was making a coward of me, and I got rid of it." Witnesses could be summoned from penitentiaries, jails and from common life to-day who will say with sobs and tears, "How I wish I had never formed the habit of carrying a pistol."

All the star route mail contracts are to be given out anew this fall, and all bids must be filed by November 30th next. The postal regulations will contain a new paragraph in the specifications for bids which is of much importance to the rural districts. The new regulations require that bidders for mail contracts in this State shall include in their bids the delivery of mail free along their routes whenever suitable boxes are provided and other formalities complied with.

MACON'S ANNUAL CARNIVAL.

Macon, Ga., will hold her Third Annual Carnival October 10, 11, 12 and 13, 1899.

For this occasion the Southern Railway will sell round trip tickets to Macon, Ga., at very low rates. Tickets to be sold October 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th and 13th, with final limit October 15th, 1899.

Still lower rates be used in the sale of tickets from points within a radius of 150 miles of Macon—tickets to be sold October 10th, 11th and 12th, with final limit October 14th.

Especially reduced rates from all points in Georgia for uniformed bodies of 15 or more on one ticket, to be sold October 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th and 13th, with final limit October 15th, 1899.

For full information call on or address any agent of the Southern Railway Company.

THE CHURCHES.

The appointments for the Walhalla Circuit are as follows:

First Sunday, at Whitfield's at 11 a. m.; Joeannee at 3 p. m.

Second Sunday, at Double Springs at 11 a. m.; Laurel Springs at 3 p. m.

Third Sunday, at Oconee at 11 a. m.; Zion at 3 p. m.

Fourth Sunday, at Fairview at 11 a. m.; at Newry at 7 p. m.

A. A. MERRITT, P. C.

The following are the appointments of the Westminster Circuit for the year 1899:

First Sunday—Hopewell, 11 a. m.; Nazareth, 3.30 p. m.

Second Sunday—Westminster, 11 a. m.; Rock Springs, 3.30 p. m.

Third Sunday—Center, 11 a. m.

Fourth Sunday—Rock Springs, 11 a. m.; Westminster, 3.30 p. m.

R. R. DAGALL, P. C.

West Union Baptist Church. Preaching every fourth Sunday at 11 o'clock by the pastor, Rev. P. J. Vermilion.

Sunday school at 10 o'clock a. m.—C. R. D. Burns, Superintendent.

Prayer meeting every Sunday at eight o'clock p. m.

The following are the appointments of the St. John's Evangelical Lutheran Church:

Sunday School at 10 a. m., Mr. J. J. Ansel, Superintendent.

Divine Services in English on the 2d and 4th Sundays at 11 a. m., and on each Thursday at 5 p. m.

German on the 1st and 3d Sundays at 11 a. m.

Rev. R. J. Vinson is the pastor of the following Baptist church: in Oconee county and his preaching appointments at the same: Double Springs, on first Sunday in each month; Rocky Park, second Sunday; Mount Zion, third Sunday, and Brass Town, fourth Sunday. Recently the membership at Rocky Park church have created a neat and comfortable house of worship. Size, 20 x 30.

The colored family of Baker has encountered two extremes. It was burned out in Lake City, S. C., and seems to have found a freeze out in Boston, Massachusetts.

When the liver's wrong all's wrong.

Ayer's Pills make wrong livers right.

Before buying see our buggies, wagons, harness, lap robes. We carry a complete line. J. & J. S. Carter, Westminister, B. C.

THE NEWBERRY HERALD AND NEWS SAYS: We have what we consider good news for our readers and, while it is not official, we can say it is straight. The idea of putting double daily trains on the Southern road has never been abandoned and will within a short time be put into effect. The extra train, with the improved schedules, will be the best ever operated on this road, and the patrons along the line will appreciate this enterprise, which will give Newberry the best railroad service she has ever had. The Southern can be counted on to do the right thing.

NEW SERIES, NO. 70.—VOLUME L—NO. 41.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Weight of Mail Matter in the United States.

Strange as it seems, the United States Government has not taken a complete accounting of the actual total weights of the mail matter carried by it for over twenty years. During the time since the last general weighing of mails handled by the railroads and other common carriers the volume of our postal business has increased enormously, and in recent years the transportation weights charged by these carriers have been largely taken on faith, as the Post Office Department could only estimate, but not accurately know, whether it was being overcharged in the enormous sums that it annually pays for mail transportation.

Some idea of the wonderful increase of this branch of governmental business is had from the fact that an expenditure of \$30,303,209.53 for carrying the mails in 1888 had swelled to \$52,294,382.23 in 1898, an increase to nearly double in ten years. In 1870 the total length of our postal routes was 79,091 miles; the last report shows it to be now 174,777. The annual transportation over these routes in 1870 was 96,497,463 miles, the last report showing a mileage of 281,595,612. In other words, less than twenty years has seen an increase of 116 per cent in the total miles of route, and of 191 per cent in the gross of annual mileage.

A partial idea of what this whole system of the transportation in bulk of our mail matter has grown to under enlightened management, and owing to the great increase in general literacy, is derived from the following statements taken from the figures in the last annual report of the Postmaster General: Of traveling post offices, on railway, steamboat, electric and cable tramways, we have 4,208 lines, covering 107,755 miles, with a grand total mileage of 285,665,348. Over these and throughout the service were handled 6,349,662,320 pieces of first-class matter, 5,876,043,000 pieces of inferior classification, and 591,492,490 pieces of purely city handling, a grand total of 12,817,198,710 pieces. These, if only averaging the length of a medium-sized envelope, would stretch 1,213,750 miles, or a little over forty-eight and one-half times around the earth.

It is scarcely to be wondered at, when we consider that an accurate weight tally of this enormous bulk of mail has not been taken within a time during which it has more than doubled in size, that there has been considerable Congressional and newspaper criticism of former Postmaster Generals for paying the immense and rapidly growing bills for this transportation without question; nor is it to be wondered at that almost every session of Congress for the past decade has seen the introduction of some bill looking to the curtailment of these expenses.

The country is now to be congratulated on the fact that Postmaster General Smith has set in motion an inquiry into this whole matter, from which will grow a clearer and more comprehensive report to Congress on this subject than has been possible since the days of the Grant administration. Three experts from New York city, aided by others already in Washington, have been for some days perfecting plans and preparing circulars, blanks, tables, etc., whereby on October 3 next every post office in the country will begin weighing all matter passing through it. There are nearly 80,000 offices, and in each of these weighing will be kept up for thirty-five consecutive days. At the end of this time each office will forward to Washington its complete report and from this enormous mass of statistics will be compiled, by a special staff, yet to be selected, a wealth of information that cannot fail to benefit the service greatly.

It is likely that this general stock-taking, if so it may be called, will reveal many opportunities for economy and kindred improvements in the railway postal service. It will assuredly set at rest the moot question as to whether bulk mail is being hauled back and forth, charged for both ways, by certain railways. It will also, we believe, show that both letter and newspaper postage, under proper restrictions, can be still far-

ther cheapened, and that manuscript, designed for publication, proofs, and authors' revisions and notes can all be treated more leniently in the interest of the wider dissemination of information and education by the press. The country is, also, to be congratulated that it now has at the head of this department a man of affairs, a newspaper man of long training, whose comprehension of the needs of the service under his charge is unusually broad and thorough. Scientific American.

B. B. B. FOR BAD BLOOD.

A Trial Bottle Will Be Sent Free to the Readers of The Courier.

Bad blood causes blood and skin diseases, eruptions, pimples, scrofula, eating sores, ulcers, cancer, eczema, skin scabs, eruptions and sores on children, rheumatism, catarrh, itching humors, etc. For these troubles a positive specific cure is found in B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm), the most wonderful blood purifier of the age. It has been thoroughly tested for the past thirty years and has always cured even the most deep-seated, persistent cases, after doctors and patent medicines had all failed. B. B. B. cures by driving out of the blood the poisons and humors which cause all these troubles, and a cure is thus made that is permanent. Contagious blood poison, producing eruptions, swollen glands, ulcerated throat and mouth, etc., cured by B. B. B., the only remedy that can actually cure this trouble. At drug-gists, \$1 per large bottle; six large bottles (full treatment) \$5. So every reader of THE COURIER may test B. B. B. We will send free and postpaid a trial bottle. Write to-day. Medical advice free. Address Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Last week a delinquent subscriber said he would pay up if he lived. He died. Another said: "I'll see you to-morrow." He's blind. Still another said: "I'll pay you this week or go to the devil." He's gone. There are hundreds who ought to take warning from these procrastinators and pay up now.—Exchange.

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of

Dividends Declared.

The Victor Manufacturing company at Greens has declared a dividend of 4 per cent. on the preferred and 3 per cent. on the common stock. For the six months ending yesterday. The mill has had remarkable prosperity since Lewis W. Parker, of this city, took charge as President. He has brought the common stock up from 50 per cent. below par to par, and the plant is now making good money for the owners.

Checks were sent out yesterday to the stockholders of the People's bank in payment of the regular 2 per cent. quarterly dividend.—Greenville News, October 1st.

W. A. Dyches, Whaley, S. C., writes: "I have used Dr. M. A. Simmons' Liver Medicine 10 years for indigestion, bad colds and tired feelings. One dealer sold me Zeilin's, saying it was the same, but I will not be fooled again." Sold by Dr. J. W. Bell, Walhalla.

A Gruesome Heirloom.

The readers of the Index will remember the killing of M. C. Hunt at Harmony Grove, Ga., about eighteen months ago by two white men, Brooks and Reynolds. The object of the killing was robbery and Brooks and Reynolds afterwards confessed to the crime and were hanged.

Hunt at one time lived in this county and was a brother-in-law of T. T. Crocker, of the White Hall section. Mr. Crocker now has in his possession the gun with which Hunt was stricken down. Hunt and Brooks and Reynolds were out hunting and asked him to loan him the gun to shoot at a bird. As he passed the gun over two men took it by the barrel and dealt him a crushing blow on the head. The blow was fatal and the gun was broken as the stock and one of the hammers bent. The gun was buried in a creek by the murderers, but was afterwards recovered. Mr. Crocker now has it in his possession and will keep it as a kind of a family heirloom, but the memories associated with it are such that he will never be able to derive any pleasure from exhibiting it.—Greenwood Index.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURS WHILE ALL ELSE FAILS. (See Book Couch Syrup, Photos Good, Use in time. Sold by druggists.)

The Newberry Herald and News says: We have what we consider good news for our readers and, while it is not official, we can say it is straight. The idea of putting double daily trains on the Southern road has never been abandoned and will within a short time be put into effect. The extra train, with the improved schedules, will be the best ever operated on this road, and the patrons along the line will appreciate this enterprise, which will give Newberry the best railroad service she has ever had. The Southern can be counted on to do the right thing.